



Better Plants. Better Advice. Better Results.



Koto No Ito Japanese Maple

Acer palmatum 'Koto No Ito'

Height: 12 feet

Spread: 12 feet

Sunlight: ● ●

Hardiness Zone: 6

Other Names: Harp String, Koto-No-Ito

Group/Class: Linearilobum

Description:

Delicate green threadlike foliage has tinges of crimson in spring, turning curious tones of orange, peach and red in fall, leaves are almost bamboo-like but vary significantly on the same plant; wonderful in containers or bonsai, a great garden accent

Ornamental Features

Koto No Ito Japanese Maple is primarily valued in the landscape or garden for its ornamental upright and spreading habit of growth. It has attractive green deciduous foliage which emerges crimson in spring. The small deeply cut ferny palmate leaves are highly ornamental and turn outstanding shades of orange, peach and red in the fall. The smooth light green bark is extremely showy and adds significant winter interest.

Landscape Attributes

Koto No Ito Japanese Maple is a deciduous tree with an upright spreading habit of growth. It lends an extremely fine and delicate texture to the landscape composition which can make it a great accent feature on this basis alone.



Koto No Ito Japanese Maple
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Koto No Ito Japanese Maple foliage
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Moana Lane Garden Center & Corporate Office
1100 W. Moana Lane
Reno, NV 89509
(775) 825-0600
(775) 825-0602 - Corporate Office

South Virginia St. Garden Center
11301 S. Virginia Street
Reno, NV 89511
(775) 853-1319

Pyramid Way Garden Center
3397 Pyramid Way
Sparks, NV 89431
(775) 425-4300

Landscape Services & Design Center
1190 W. Moana Lane
Reno, NV 89509
(775) 825-0602 ext. 134
NV Lic. #3379A, D & CA Lic. #317448

www.moananursery.com



Better Plants. Better Advice. Better Results.

This tree will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and should only be pruned in summer after the leaves have fully developed, as it may 'bleed' sap if pruned in late winter or early spring. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Koto No Ito Japanese Maple is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use
- Container Planting



*Koto No Ito Japanese Maple
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder*

Planting & Growing

Koto No Ito Japanese Maple will grow to be about 12 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 12 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 2 feet from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 60 years or more.

This tree does best in partial shade to full shade. Keep it well away from hot, dry locations that receive direct afternoon sun or which get reflected sunlight, such as against the south side of a white wall. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is not particular as to soil pH, but grows best in rich soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in both summer and winter to conserve soil moisture and protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America.

Koto No Ito Japanese Maple is a fine choice for the yard, but it is also a good selection for planting in outdoor pots and containers. Its large size and upright habit of growth lend it for use as a solitary accent, or in a composition surrounded by smaller plants around the base and those that spill over the edges. It is even sizeable enough that it can be grown alone in a suitable container. Note that when grown in a container, it may not perform exactly as indicated on the tag - this is to be expected. Also note that when growing plants in outdoor containers and baskets, they may require more frequent waterings than they would in the yard or garden. Be aware that in our climate, this plant may be too tender to survive the winter if left outdoors in a container. Contact our experts for more information on how to protect it over the winter months.