

Better Plants. Better Advice. Better Results.



Cora Louise Peony Paeonia 'Cora Louise'

Plant Height: 24 inches Flower Height: 3 feet

Spread: 3 feet

Spacing: 30 inches Sunlight: O

Hardiness Zone: 2



Cora Louise Peony flowers Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Description:

A very pale pink, semi-double flower that's nearly white; deep purple flare around pronounced gold stamens; slight fragrance.

Ornamental Features

Cora Louise Peony features bold lightly-scented shell pink flowers with gold eyes and a purple flare at the ends of the stems from late spring to early summer. The flowers are excellent for cutting. Its compound leaves emerge burgundy in spring, turning green in color throughout the season.

Landscape Attributes

Cora Louise Peony is an herbaceous perennial with a more or less rounded form. Its medium texture blends into the garden, but can always be balanced by a couple of finer or coarser plants for an effective composition.

This plant will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and should be cut back in late fall in preparation for winter. It is a good choice for attracting bees and butterflies to your yard, but is not particularly attractive to deer who tend to leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Disease

Cora Louise Peony is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use



Better Plants. Better Advice. Better Results.

Planting & Growing

Cora Louise Peony will grow to be about 24 inches tall at maturity extending to 3 feet tall with the flowers, with a spread of 3 feet. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 30 inches apart. The flower stalks can be weak and so it may require staking in exposed sites or excessively rich soils. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 20 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in full sun to partial shade. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. It may require supplemental watering during periods of drought or extended heat. It is not particular as to soil pH, but grows best in rich soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in both summer and winter to conserve soil moisture and protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.